

# Natural Gas Compressor Stations Greenhouse Gas PSD Applicability Example Sample Calculation Problems

# Example 6. Modification - Hypothetical Natural Gas Compressor Station Scenario

## **Assumptions:**

- 1. Existing facility with a potential to emit (PTE) less than 250 tons per year of a criteria pollutant.
- 2. Existing facility with a PTE for carbon dioxide equivalent (CO<sub>2</sub>e) less than 100,000 tons per year.
- 3. The current PTE for greenhouse gas (GHGs) emissions on a mass basis is greater than 250 tons per year.

## **Proposed Project:**

A company would like to add one (1) 800 brake horse power (bhp) natural gas compressor engine to their facility.

## Given:

The proposed modification to the facility consists of adding the following emitting unit:

1. One (1) 800 brake horsepower (bhp) compressor engine

Other miscellaneous assumptions/information:

- 1. Compressor Engine Fuel Consumption = 8500 Btu/bhp-hr @ Maximum Design Capacity
- 2. Natural Gas Heat Value = 1020 Btu/scf

Example emission factors for criteria pollutants and GHG associated with the compressor engine is provided in the table below.

**Table 1. Compressor Engine Emission Factors** 

Pollutant	Emission	Units
	Factors	
Particulate Matter (PM <sub>10</sub> )	10	lb/MMscf
Sulfur Dioxide (SO <sub>2</sub> )	0.002	g/bhp-hr
Nitrogen Dioxide (NO <sub>x</sub> )	15	g/bhp-hr
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC)	0.2	g/bhp-hr
Carbon Monoxide (CO)	1.4	g/bhp-hr
Carbon Dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> )	116.87	lb/MMscf
Methane (CH <sub>4</sub> )	0.011014	lb/MMscf
Nitrous Oxide (N <sub>2</sub> O)	0.000022	lb/MMscf



## **Problem Solving:**

**Problem #1.** What are the potential emissions associated with the compressor engine?

## **Example Calculations:**

Potential VOC emissions from the compressor engine are as follows:

VOC Emissions (Tons/yr) = 
$$(0.2 \text{ g/bhp-hr}) * (800 \text{ bhp}) * (11b/454g) * (1 \text{ ton/}2000 \text{ lb}) * (8760 \text{ hr/yr}) = 1.54 \text{ tons/yr} * 25 \text{ engines} = 38.5 \text{ tons/yr}$$

Please calculate the potential  $NO_x$  emission for the compressor engine in tons/yr using the information provided above.

Table 2. Calculated Potential Emissions for the Compressor Engine

Potential Emissions in Tons/vr

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	$PM_{10}$	$SO_2$	NO <sub>x</sub>	VOC	CO	$CO_2$	CH <sub>4</sub>	N <sub>2</sub> O
Compressor Engine	0.26	0.02	115.87	1.54	13.90	3,480	0.328	0.00066
Total =	0.26	0.02	115.87	1.54	13.90	3,480	0.328	0.00066

**Problem #2**. In terms of mass, what are the total emissions from GHGs?

Total Emissions of GHGs in tons/yr =  $CO_2 + CH_4 + N_2O$  (Refer to Table 3.)

$$3,480 \text{ tons/yr} + 0.328 \text{ tons/yr} + 0.00066 \text{ tons/yr} = \underline{\qquad} \text{tons/yr}$$

**Problem #3**. What are the total emissions of  $CO_2$  equivalent  $(CO_2e)$ ?

- Step 1. In order to determine CO<sub>2</sub>e, Refer to Table A-1 of CFR Title 40, Part 98, Subpart A, for the Global Warming Potentials (GWP).
- Step 2. Indentify the GHG pollutants (e.g., CO<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>4</sub>, and N<sub>2</sub>O) and their Global Warming Potentials (GWPs) as shown below.

Pollutant	Global Warming Potential (GWP)
$CO_2$	1
CH <sub>4</sub>	21
$N_2O$	310



## Step 3. Calculate CO<sub>2</sub>e using the following equation:

CO<sub>2</sub>e (tons/yr) = 
$$\sum$$
 (Mass Emission Rate (tons/yr) \* GWP)  
CO<sub>2</sub>e (tons/yr) = (3,480 tons/yr\*1) + (0.328 tons/yr\*21) + (0.00066 tons/yr\*310) = \_\_\_\_\_ tons/yr  
CO<sub>2</sub>e (tons/yr) =  $\overline{3,487}$  tons/yr

# **Summary GHG and CO2e Emissions:**

GHGs (Mass)	CO <sub>2</sub> e
3,480 tons/yr	3,487 tons/yr

# **PSD Applicability Summary Analysis**:

Question #1: Does this permit action result in a net increase of any criteria pollutant above PSD significant emission rates (SER)?

Question #2: Does this permit action have GHG emissions above the PSD threshold on a mass basis(> 250 tons/yr)?

Question #3: Does this permit action have CO<sub>2</sub>e emissions above the PSD threshold?

If the answer to Questions #2 and #3 are both "Yes", than GHGs must undergo a PSD review based on the following.

- 1. If the permit department decision occurs before January 2, 2011, GHGs are not required to be addressed in the PSD review.
- 2. If the permit department decision occurs between January 2, 2011 and July 1, 2010, GHGs do NOT need to be included in the PSD review even if any criteria pollutant is above significant levels. (Note:
- 3. If the permit department decision occurs on or after July 1, 2011, GHGs must be included in the PSD review along with any criteria pollutants above significant levels.



# Title V Applicability Analysis/Overview:

Question #1: Is the facility an existing Title V facility?

Question #2: Are the potential emissions of GHGs greater than 100 tons per year?

Question #3: Are the potential emissions as CO<sub>2</sub>e greater than 100,000 tons per year?

If the answer to Questions #1, #2, and #3 is "Yes", a Title V permit action to address GHGs are described in the following scenarios.

- A department decision occurring before January 2, 2011, would <u>not</u> require GHGs to be addressed in the Title V permit.
- A department decision occurring after January 2, 2011, must address GHGs in the Title V permit.
- A department decision occurring after July 1, 2011, <u>must</u> address GHGs in the Title V permit.

If the answer to Questions #2 and #3 is "Yes", a Title V permit action to address GHGs are shown as follows:

- A department decision occurring before January 2, 2011, would <u>not</u> require GHGs to be addressed in the Title V permit.
- A department decision occurring after January 2, 2011, would <u>not</u> require GHGs to be addressed in the Title V permit.
- A department decision occurring after July 1, 2011, would require GHGs to be addressed in the Title V permit.